

# Clinical Case Study: Diabetic Hallux Wound



Start of SNaP® Therapy



Week 5



Week 8

- **Patient Information:** 52-year old male
- **Wound History:** Ulcer on his left hallux that had been present for 9 months. He reported the ulcer first appeared as a blister from a pair of tight fitting shoes. Previous treatments included daily silver sulfadiazine dressing changes and weekly debridement. The wound extended to bone and required aggressive bedside debridement.
- **Dimensions:** Prior to SNaP® Therapy, the wound measured 9 mm x 8 mm with a depth of 20 mm.
- **Comorbidities:** 10-year history of diabetes mellitus.
- **SNaP® Therapy Treatment:** The patient was started on SNaP® Therapy to fill in wound. At week 5, the SNaP® Therapy was discontinued due to the small size of wound and Apligraf® was applied. The patient was continued in a postoperative shoe and crest pad.
- **Outcome:** One week post-Apligraf application, the patient followed-up and the ulcer was completely epithelialized. He was followed for an additional two months at increasing intervals and the ulcer remained healed.

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